

Roll No:

BTECH

**(SEM. IV) THEORY EXAMINATION 2025-26
DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHM**

TIME: 3 HRS

M.MARKS: 70

Note: Attempt all Sections. In case of any missing data; choose suitably.

SECTION A

1. Attempt all questions in brief.

02 x 7 = 14

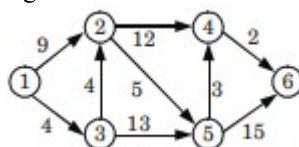
Q no.	Question	CO	Level
a.	Find Big-O of: $f(n) = n^3 + 4n \log n + 6$	1	K3
b.	What is the difference between time and space trade-off?	1	K2
c.	What is probabilistic balancing in Skip List?	2	K2
d.	Why is extract-min costly in Fibonacci Heap?	2	K3
e.	Define Convex Hull in computational geometry.	3	K1
f.	Differentiate between Greedy and Dynamic Programming	4	K2
g.	What is Algebraic Computation?	5	K1

SECTION B

2. Attempt any three of the following:

07 x 3 = 21

Q no.	Question	CO	Level
a.	Explain the concept of recurrence relations. Solve the recurrence relation using Master Theorem: $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n$. Also interpret its significance in algorithm efficiency.	1	K4
b.	Define B-Tree. Construct a B-Tree of order 5 by inserting: 20, 10, 30, 5, 15, 25, 35, 40, 45. Show all node splits clearly.	2	K4
c.	By considering vertex '1' as source vertex, find the shortest paths to all other vertices in the following graph using Dijkstra's algorithms. Show all the steps.	3	K3
d.	What is the Hamiltonian Cycle problem? Describe a backtracking algorithm to solve it and demonstrate its application with a step-by-step example.	4	K3
e.	Explain the concept of approximation ratio. Analyze the performance of an approximation algorithm for Vertex Cover problem.	5	K4



SECTION C

3. Attempt any one part of the following:

07 x 1 = 07

Q no.	Question	CO	Level
a.	What is Max Heap property?. Construct a Max Heap from the following elements: [20, 15, 30, 5, 10, 25]. Explain each step clearly.	1	K4
b.	Compare comparison-based and non-comparison-based sorting algorithms. Give advantages and limitations of each.	1	K5

4. Attempt any one part of the following:

07 x 1 = 07

Q no.	Question	CO	Level
a.	Explain the structure of Binomial Trees. Prove that a Binomial Tree of degree k has 2^k nodes.	2	K4
b.	Define Red-Black Tree. Prove that a Red-Black Tree with n-internal nodes has height at most $(2 \lg(n+1))$.	2	K4

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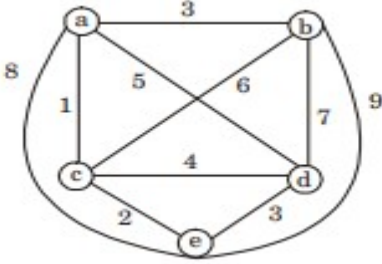
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5. Attempt any one part of the following:

07 x 1 = 07

Q no.	Question	CO	Level
a.	Discuss Prim's and Kruskal's algorithm. Construct minimum spanning tree for the below given graph using Prim's algorithm (Source node = a). 	3	K3
b.	Explain the Divide and Conquer approach with Merge Sort. Analyze its time complexity.	3	K3

6. Attempt any one part of the following:

07 x 1 = 07

Q no.	Question	CO	Level																									
a.	Define the Traveling Salesman Problem (TSP) and explain how the Branch and Bound (B&B) technique provides an optimal solution. Using the cost matrix given below, find the minimum-cost Hamiltonian circuit step-by-step, including matrix reduction, lower bound calculation, and construction of the state-space tree. Given distance/cost matrix: <table><tr><td></td><td>A</td><td>B</td><td>C</td><td>D</td></tr><tr><td>A</td><td>∞</td><td>10</td><td>15</td><td>20</td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td>5</td><td>∞</td><td>9</td><td>10</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td>6</td><td>13</td><td>∞</td><td>12</td></tr><tr><td>D</td><td>8</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>∞</td></tr></table>		A	B	C	D	A	∞	10	15	20	B	5	∞	9	10	C	6	13	∞	12	D	8	8	9	∞	4	K3
	A	B	C	D																								
A	∞	10	15	20																								
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C	6	13	∞	12																								
D	8	8	9	∞																								
b.	Find all valid configurations for placing 4 queens on a board using the backtracking algorithm. Start by placing the first queen in the first row and proceed row-by-row	4	K3																									

7. Attempt any one part of the following:

07 x 1 = 07

Q no.	Question	CO	Level
a.	Explain why NP-Complete problems are considered intractable. Can all NP problems be solved in polynomial time? Justify.	5	K5
b.	Compare Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) and Dynamic Programming approaches for solving computational problems.	5	K4